Details Withheld

Star Wire Services The freed American hostages will fly home Sunday to the United States, State Department officials in Wiesbaden, West Germany, announced today.

State Department spokesman Jack

Cannon said they will fly to a "private location" where they will be reunited with their families.

Dr. Jerome Korcak, medical director of the State Department and leader of the recovery team in Wiesbaden, said the 52 freed Americans are expected to return Americans are expected to return togeth. r.

Earlier, the Pentagon was quoted s saying the 52 would be lodged at the U.S. Military Academy at West Point, N.Y. on their return. They were reportedly to stay there for the two days for private reunions.

with their families.
The families have been learning in bits and pieces what life was like during the captivity in Iran, and much of what they have discovered. much of what they have discovered

has distressed and angered them.
Telephone conversations with the
wen and women in Wiesbaden coninued to include accounts of ill
treatment by their Iranian captors, Penelope Laingen, wife of L.
Bruce Laingen, the former embassy

charge d'affaires, said she had been told by her husband of "humiliating" treatment and the largest by his Iranian captors to blow his brains out."

Laisy Lee said her husband, Gary, described two mock executions and

described two mock executions and his months in solitary confinement. "Gary didn't see sunlight or daylight

from June 1980 until he met the Algerians," she said.
Richard Kalp amended his previous contention that his brother Malcolm had spent 150 days in soli-See HÖSTAGES, A-6

Iranian Official Denies **Torture of Hostages**

Negotiator Accuses U.S. of Brainwashing

Iran yesterday vehemently denied it tortured the former hostages, accused them of being "ungrateful" and claimed U.S. officials are brainwashing the 52 Americans as

brainwashing the 52 Americans as a pretext for breaking the agreements signed with Tehran.

"Considering the mentality of this type of comfort-seeking diplomats, there is no doubt that they found the duration of their detention not desirable," Behzad Nabavi, Iran's chief hostage negotiator, said in an interview with the Pars news agency, monitored in London.

Nabavi's denial of the torture charges was the first official Iranian.

charges was the first official Iranian reply to statements made by the re-leased hostages after their arrival in Wiesbaden, West Germany, which ended 444 days in Iranian captivity.

ended 444 days in Iranian captivity, ... Nobavi said the United States was "bringing up such baseless claims" of torture in order to revoke the release settlement and claimed the Americans "confessed" they were well treated.

Senate to Hold **Inquiry Into** Iran's Brutality

By Roberta Hornig

Senate Majority Leader Howard Baker said yesterday the Senate will conduct a full inquiry "into the bru-tal treament of the American hos-

tages in Iran."
But Baker told a news conference he believes the hearings should be put off for the time being because the wound is too fresh. The wound will be even deeper as we learn more of the atrocities" perpetrated on the American diplomats who were held hostage for 444 days, he

said.

said.
"I think we should wait a little for our wounds to heal a little before we pass judgment on our policy toward Iran or the nature of the agreement" which led to the freeing of the hostages on Tuesday, Baker

He said the hearings - which

He said the hearings — which will be conducted by the Senate Foreign Relations Committee — will have two purposes:

The first will be to help defermine afterior policy toward Iran in the fittle. The second will be to try to determine how the United States and other nations can prevent such incidents of international terrorism. Sen. Dennis Deconcini, D-Ariz, urged President Reagan ito state, clearly that the United States is not legally or morally bound to the agreement, that gained freedom for the hostages since it is an "established matter of criminal law that

"We expected this kind of libel on behalf of the American officials who have been enemies of the Islamic revolution of Iran," Nabavi

lamic revolution of man, manay said.

Nabavi said former President Carter and and "his colleagues who were defeated in the diplomatic stage of America" were deceiving Americans for political advantage.

"All torture claims of the released host ages emanate from brainwashing, carried out during their forced stay in Wiesbaden," Nabavi said. "The fact is their stay in Wiesbaden is designed to prevent their direct contact with the people and to prevent the disclosure of truth before Washington could make its own disclosures."

He said America's step was completely predictable.

He said America's step was com-pletely predictable.
"We have available video tabes of various interviews with the re-leased hostages in which they all confessed that they have been well treated and humanely and had he complaints." The tapes would be transfinited "if the hostages contra-dict them."

dict them."

"We knew that some of the released hostages were ungrateful and
do not understand the meaning of

do not understand the meaning of kindness, since they were trained for the affairs of the Foreign Min-istry of the U.S.," Nabavi said. Nabavi also thanked the militants who seized the U.S. Embassy in Teh-ran Nov. 4, 1979, which triggered the crisis.

The released Americans accused the militants of carrying out much of the abuse.

"We must express our thanks to we must express our manks to them (the militants), because, de-spite their profound hatred of U.S. policy and its operators in Iran, they treated the cause of their nation's misfortune so magnanimously." Nabavi said.

United Press International



Returnee Bruce Laingen of Bethesda gives victory sign at Wiesbaden.

Hostages Will Fly Home Sunday, State Dept. Says

tary confinement. Kalp said that in fact his brother said he spent 374 days confined alone in a cell because

anys confined alone in a cell because he had tried to escape.

And relatives said other former hostages described the small indignities of daily life as political prisoners: their watches being taken and their reading material censored, their clothes' falling to shreds and disintegrating in different better the said of the said their reading material censored. disintegrating in dirt and their trips to the bathroom accompanied by armed guards.

At the same time, some family members began to vent their anger

at the Iranians and their enforced separation from their loved ones. Mrs. Laingen, who has been a For-eign Service wife for three decades. said of her own ordeal: "So much said of her own orders: "So much of my life has been sitting on the front lawn watching Khatak dances or Japanese opera; upholding the honor of the U.S., and never a moment of peace and tranquility. I'm tired of it. I'm not burned up, I'm burned out."

his eyes so he couldn't see any-thing," she said. "They slammed him back onto the chair — he used the

word 'slammed.' ' Mrs. Lee said her husband told Mrs. Lee said her nusband told her she was certain he was about to die. "He said 'I was dead,'" she recalled, adding that he said it passed through his mind that he hoped his wife and 11-year-old daughter, Dana, could understand that his life was being sacrificed for the country. for the country

"Three times there was a click of rifles," she said her husband told

her.

Mrs. Lee said her husband had told her that a second "execution" was held in the embassy basement in February 1980. "He said 'I could feel the bullets fit my back. I didn't wet my panis J. wanted to be proud. I, wanted to stand straight and tall," Mrs. Lee said her hisband told her.

Over and over family members.

Over and over family members repeated the same refrain yesterday that despite their healthy appearance and high spirits, the hostage

burned out."

Sen. Dennis Deconcini, D.Ariz, urged President, Reagan "to state clearly that the United States is not legally or morally bound to the agreement," that gained freedom for the hostages since it is an "established matter of criminal law that agreements made under the duress.

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Holland's mother, Clara, said her so

"I would car our notional h. ..

what they are

of purpose."
It would not bother me one bit if the president tells them to take a long walk on a short pier," he said. a long walk on a snort pier, ne said.
Senate Minority Whip Alan Cranston, D-Calif., agreed with Baker's
call for a Senate inquiry but said
he believes it should be broader in

scope.
I don't see how we can avoid
heakarannd — into going into the background — into why so many Iranians are so deeply hostile to the United States," said Cranston, a Foreign Relations Committee member.

He said he believed the inquiry would have to go back to the relations between the United States and Irah in the 1950s when, with the help from the GIA, the Shah of Irah was restored to nower after heing was restored to power after being overthrown.

Baker, however, said he did not Daker, however, said he did not believe the hearings should go into past U.S.-franian history. "I don't think we should dig up the past."

think we should use as the poor be said, adding:
"What I want to know is how we which

"What I want to know is now we deal with a country like Iran which treated Americans so brutally "Baker predicted that "the flood of indignation is going to grow as Americans hear the hostages stories and said the Sanate inquiry would and said the Senate inquiry would take place in the near future.

Baker also reported that he sup-Baker also reported that he sup-ports Reagan and Secretary of State Alexander M. Halg Jr. in their de-cision to study every aspect of the hostage agreement with Iran. He said he did not mean to imply that he believes this country should

that he believes this country should renege on its agreement with Iran. I do not wish to welsh on any com-mitment by the United States, he said, adding that he only wants to he certain—as the administration be certain — as the administration does — of what provisions the agreement contains.

agreement contains.
On the House side, Rep. Gerald
Solomon, R.N.Y., said the United
States should refuse to abide by the
agreement until it is assured the
World Court and the Iranian government will cooperate in bringing "those terrorists to justice

House reprorists to justice.

House Republican leader Bob
Michel, R.III, said, said, "The nations
of the world should combine in action that would damage the terrorist

non that would cannage the terrorist regime in Iran."

Me asked President Reagan to declare Iran an "outlaw" nation and take what we asked to a second of the second of t ctare iran an online matton and take whatever actions are appropriate to show that "no one harms our citizens with impunity."

o one of the other hostages, is

married to a woman named Angela.

Laingen told his wife that a first attempt to move him and his roommates, Michael Howland, a security officer, and Victor L. Tomseth, the senior political officer, had oc-curred about two weeks earlier.

The three men were being led to a van when Howland saw the plilowcases and the ropes that the Iran-ians had brought to bind them and kicked the "chief militant" in the groin, Laingen told his wife.

They were then shoved back up-stairs, Laingen said, while one of the militants held a 45-caliber pistol to his head and threatened to "blow his brains out." He told his wife that it was the first time in more than 30 years of diplomatic service that a pistol had been held to his

When he was finally transferred. Laingen said, he was told to behave if he wanted to eat. During his stay at the prison, he was blindfolded whenever he went to the bathroom,

whenever he went to the bathroom, he said.

"It was just humiliating," Laingen told his wife,
Gary Lee's wife, Patsy, confirmed, earlier, accounts by Richard L.
Queen, a hostage released last year, when it was discovered that he had multiple sclerosis, that the hostages were put before mock firing squade. were put before mock firing squads Mrs. Lee said her husband, a generalservice officer at the embassy, told her that he had been involved in two such incidents.

'They trussed him to a chair, tied him up tightly, and put cotton under

husband had told her that the tages were abused even when free-dom was near. "They were pelted with mud on one of the bus trips by some of those charming little Iranians," Mrs. Kennedy said.

Andrew H. Appel, a lawyer and friend of the Gillette family, said after a two-and a half-hour tele-phone call with Duane Gillette. "It became obvious to all of us that his treatment was not nearly as as he had been leading us to believe in his letters. He said he was not tortured, but it was no picnic. For the first two or three months he was not allowed to speak to any-

body."
Marjorie Moore, the wife of Beri C. Moore, the administrative consul, said of conversations with her husband, "He was never beaten or torband, He was hever beaten or tor-tured. He was threatened with a gun to the head. And he said go ahead and shoot, you bestards. But they didn't get the combination of the safe they wanted."

In addition, Mrs. Moore told of her husband's complaints about

ner ausoands complaints adoling drawing kitchen partol and being unable to bathe, she said that he washed the pans after the Iraplay had cooked. They used so my grease to cook with, she said husband told held and sill they to wash the pans was cold wall

Mrs. Moore sald her husband told her that his infrequent sho were usually with cold water. longest he went without bathin 40 days," said Mrs. Moore.